

LOBA GmbH & Co. KG Leonberger Straße 56 - 62 71254 Ditzingen

Test Report No. 50056-001-002

Client: LOBA GmbH & Co. KG

Ditzingen

Sample description by client:

WS 2K Duo WS 2K Härter

Sampling by: Client

Date of arrival of sample: 22.01.2015
Date of report: 23.03.2015

Number of pages of report: 15

Testing parameter: see table of contents

Testing laboratory: eco-INSTITUT Germany GmbH, Cologne





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Sample view

Internal Sample-no.	Description by customer	Condition upon delivery	Type of sample
A001	WS 2K Duo	without objection	Sealing
A002	WS 2K Härter	without objection	hardener

Sample Specifications

Sample description: A001: WS 2K Duo

A002: WS 2K Härter

Type of sample: Two-component waterborne finish based on polyurethane-resins

Batch-N°. / Prod.-Date: A001: 329803 / 47-14

A002: 319013 / 24-14

Sampling by: Client

Delivery date: 19.01.2015

Sampling Location: LOBA GmbH & Co. KG

Ditzingen

Date of arrival of sample: 22.01.2015

Condition of sample: without objection

Packaging Material: Original packaging



Test Report

Emission test

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)

Definition of terms:

(volatile organic compounds)

Substances refer to LCI lists / AgBB (DIBt)

TVOC

(Total volatile organic compounds)

CMR-VOC

(carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproduction-toxic VOC, VVOC and SVOC)

VVOC

(very volatile organic compounds)

TVVOC

(Total very volatile organic compounds)

SVOC

(semi volatile organic compounds)

TSVOC

(Total semi volatile organic compounds)

Identified and calibrated substances (cid sub), substance specific calculated

Not identified substances calculated as toluene equivalent (Cni tol)

SER

LCI value

R value

All individual materials with a concentration ≥ 0,001 mg/m³ in retention range C₆ (n-Hexane) to C₁₆ (n-Hexadecane)

Sum of all individual substances in retention range C₆ to C₁₆.

All individual substances with the following categories:

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008: Category Car.1A and 1B, Muta.

1A and 1B, Repr. 1A and 1B

TRGS 905: K1 and K2, M1 and M2, R1 and R2

IARC: Group 1 and 2A

DFG (MAK lists): Category III1and III2

All individual substances wit concentration ≥ 0,001 mg/m³ in

retention range < C₆

Sum of all VVOC in retention range < C6

All individual materials ≥ 0,001 mg/m³ in retention range > C₁₆ (n-Hexadecane) to C₂₂ (Docosane)

Sum of all SVOC in retention range > C_{16} to C_{22} .

Spectrum and retention time are concordant with the calibrated comparison substance

Suggestion from the spectrum library with high probability and/or allocation to a group of substances

Specific emission rate (see appendix)

Lowest Concentration of Interest; calculated value for the evaluation of VOC, established by the Committee for Health-related Evaluation of Building Products (Ausschuss zur gesundheitlichen Bewertung von Bauprodukten - AgBB)

The quotient of the concentration and the LCI value is generated for every substance which is detected in the test chamber air. The sum of the calculated quotients results in the R value.



List of analysed VOCs:

Aromatic hydrocarbons

Toluene Ethylbenzene p-Xylene m-Xylene o-Xylene Isopropylbenzene

n-Propylbenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene

2-Ethyltoluene

1-Isopropyl-4-methylbenzene 1,2,4,5-Tetramethylbenzene

n-Butylbenzene 1,3-Diisopropylbenzene 1,4-Diisopropylbenzene Phenyl octane 1-Phenyl decane² 1-Phenyl undecane² 4-Phenylcyclohexene

Styrene Phenyl acetylene 2-Phenyl propene Vinyl toluene Naphthalene Indene Benzene Cresol

Hydrocarbons

Saturated aliphatic substances

2-Methyl pentane 3-Methyl pentane n-Hexane Cyclohexane Methylcyclohexane n-Heptane n-Octane n-Nonane n-Decane n-Undecane n-Dodecane n-Tridecane n-Tetradecane n-Pentadecane n-Hexadecane Methylcyclopentane 1,4-Dimethylcyclohexane

Terpenes

δ-3-Caren α-Pinene β-Pinene Limonene Longifolene Caryophyllene Isolongifolene alpha-Phellandrene Myrcene Camphene alpha-Terpinend Longipinene beta-Caryophyllene beta-Farnesen alpha-Bisabolen

Aliphatic alcohols and ether

1-Propanol 2-Propanol¹ tert-Butanol 2-Methyl-1-propanol 1-Butanol 1-Pentanol 1-Hexanol Cyclohexanol 2-Ethyl-1-hexanol

1-Octanol

4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-pentan-2-one 1-Heptanol

1-Nonano 1-Decanol

Aromatic alcohols (phenols)

BHT (2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol) Benzylalcohol

Glycols, Glycol ether, Glycol ester

Propylenglycol (1,2-Dihydroxypropane) Ethylene glycol (Ethandiol) Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether Diethylene glycol Diethylene glycol-monobutyl ether 2-Phenoxyethanol Ethylene carbonate 1-Methoxy-2-propanol Glycolic acid butyl ester

Texanol Butyldiglycol acetate

Dipropylenglycol mono-methyl ether

2-Methoxyethanol 2-Ethoxyethanol 2-Propoxyethanol 2-Methylethoxyethanol 2-Hexoxyethanol 1,2-Dimethoxyethane 1,2-Diethoxyethane 2-Methoxyethyl acetate 2-Ethoxyethyl acetate

2-Butoxyethyl acetate 2-(2-Hexoxyethoxy)-ethanol 1-Methoxy-2-(2-methoxy-ethoxy)-ethane Propylene glycol di-acetate Dipropylene glycol Dipropylene glycol monomethylether acetate

Dipropylene glycol mono-n-propylether 1 4-Butanediol

Tripropyleneglycolmonomethyl ether Triethylene glycol dimethyl ether 1,2-Propylene glycol dimethyl ether

Ethyldiglycol

Dipropylene glycol-dimethyl ether

Propylene carbonate Hexylene glycol 3-Methyl-1-butanol

1,2-Propylene glycol n-propyl ether 1,2-Propylene glycol n-butyl ether Diethylglycol phenyl ether

Neopentyl glycol

Aldehydes

Butanal1, Pentanal³ Hexanal Heptanal 2-Ethylhexanal Octanal Nonanal Decanal 2-Butenal3

2-Pentenal3 2-Hexenal 2-Heptenal

2-Nonenal 2-Decenal 2-Undecenal Furfural Glutaraldehyde

2-Octenal

Benzaldehyde Acetaldehyde^{1,3} Propanal^{1,3} Propenal^{1,3} Isobutenal

3-Methyl-2-propanol Methylisobutylketone Cyclopentanone Cyclohexanone

Ketones

Ethylmethylketone³ 3-Methyl-2-propanol Methylisobutylketone Cyclopentanone Cyclohexanone Acetone^{1,3} 2-Methylcyclopentanone 2-Methylcyclohexanone Acetophenone 1-Hydroxyacetone

Acids

Acetic acid Propionic acid Isobutyric acid Butyric acid Pivalic acid n-Valeric acid n-Hexanoic acid n-Heptanoic acid n-Octanoic acid 2-Ethylhexanoic acid

Esters and Lactones Methylacetate

Ethyl acetate1

Vinyl acetate

Texanol

Isopropyl acetate

Propyl acetate 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate n-Butyl formate Methylmethacrylate Isobutylacetate 1-Butyl acetate 2-Ethylhexyl acetate Methyl acrylate Ethyl acrylate n-Butyl acrylate 2-Ethylhexyl acrylate
Adipic acid dimethyl ester Fumaric acid dibutyl ester Succinic acid dimethyl ester Hexandioldiacrylate Maleic acid dibutyl ester Butyrolactone Dibutyl glutarate Dibutyl succinate Dimethylphthalate

Dipropylene glycol diacrylate

Chlorinated hydrocarbons

Tetrachlorethene 1,1,1-Trichlorethane Trichlorethene 1,4-Dichlorbenzene

Others

1,4-Dioxane Caprolactam N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane Methenamine 2-Butanonoxime Triethyl phosphate 5-Chlor-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one (MIT) Triethylamine Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane Dodecamethylcyclopentasiloxane Tetrahydrofuran (THF) 1-Decene 1-Octene 2-Pentylfuran Tetramethyl succinonitrile Propylencarbonate Isophorone

VVOC 2 SVOC

3 Analysis according to

Dimethylformamide (DMF)

DIN ISÓ 16000-3

Tributyl phosphate



Explanation of the Specific Emission Rate SER

Emission measurements are accomplished in test chambers under defined physical conditions (temperature, relative humidity, room loading, air change rate etc.).

Test chamber measurement results are directly comparable only if the investigations were accomplished under the same basic conditions.

If the differences of the physical conditions refer only to the change of air rate and/or the loading, the "SER" or "specific emission rate" can be used for comparability of the measurement results. The SER indicates how many volatile organic compounds (VOC) are released by the sample for each material unit and hour (h).

The SER can be calculated using the formula below for each proven individual component of the VOC from the data in the test report.

As material units the following are applicable:

 $I = \text{unit of length (m)} \qquad \qquad \text{relation between emission and length} \\ a = \text{unit area (m}^2) \qquad \qquad \text{relation between emission and surface} \\ v = \text{unit volume (m}^3) \qquad \qquad \text{relation between emission and volume} \\ u = \text{piece unit (unit = piece)} \qquad \qquad \text{relation between emission and complete unit} \\$

From this the different dimensions for SER result:

SER thus represents a product specific rate, which describes the mass of the volatile organic compound, which is emitted by the product per time unit at a certain time after beginning of the examination.

$SER = q \cdot C$

- q specific air flow rate (quotient from change of air rate and loading)
- C Concentration of the measured substance(s)

The result can be indicated in milligrams (mg) in place of micro grams (μ g), whereby 1 mg = 1000 μ g.



Test method

Preparation of test sample: Date: 04.02.2015 Pre-treatment: Two-component coating, mixing ratio 10:1, cannot be diluted. An application on glass with 120 ml/m² - corresponds to a density of 1,044 g/m3: 125 g/m2. Application with roller. Final drying: 4 - 6 hours. Masking of backside: not applicable Masking of edges: not applicable Relationship of unmasked edges to not applicable surface: Charging: related to area Dimensions: 25 cm x 20 cm (6,25g) (carrier plate: 352,2 g) Test chamber conditions:: Chamber volume: 0.125 m³ Temperature: 23 °C Relative humidity: 50 % Air pressure: normal Air: cleaned Air change rate: 0.5 h⁻¹ Air velocity: $0.3 \, \text{m/s}$ $0.4 \text{ m}^2/\text{m}^3$ Loading: Specific air flow rate: 1.25 m³/m² · h Air sampling: 28 days after test chamber loading Analytics: DIN ISO 16000-3 Limit of determination: $2 \mu g/m^3$ DIN ISO 16000-6

Limit of determination:

 $1 \mu g/m^3$



Measurement time 28 days after test chamber loading

1.1.1 CMR-VOC_{28d}

Test parameter:

Carcinogenic, mutagenic and reproduction-toxic volatile organic compounds (CMR VOC), test chamber, air sampling 28 days after test chamber loading

Test result:

Sample: A001: WS 2K Duo A002: WS 2K Härter

No.	Substance	CAS No.	Concentration (Test chamber air) [µg/m³]	CMR classifica- tion*)		
	VOC _{28d} : Identified and calibrated substances in accordance with LCI list/AgBB, substance specific calculated (c _{id sub})					
-	-	-	n.d.	-		
	VOC _{28d} : Further identified and calibrated CMR substances in addition to LCI list/AgBB, substance specific calculated(c _{id sub})					
-	-	-	n.d.	-		
VOC_{28d} : Further identified, not calibrated CMR substances, calculated as toluene equivalent (c_{ni} tol)						
-	-	-	n.d.	-		

^{*)} Classification acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008: Category Carc. 1A and 1B, Muta. 1A and 1B, Repr. 1A and 1B, TRGS 905: K1 and K2, M1 and M2, R1 and R2, IARC: Group 1 and 2A, DFG (MAK list): Category III1 and III2

	Concentration (Test chamber air) [µg/m³]	SER _a [µg/m²h]
Sum of VOC with the following categorisations: Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008: Category Carc. 1A and 1B, Muta. 1A and 1B, Repr. 1A and 1B TRGS 905: K1 and K2, M1 and M2, R1 and R2 IARC: Group 1 and 2A DFG (MAK list): Category III1 and III2	n.d.	n.d.



1.1.2 VOC / TVOC 28d

Test parameter:

Volatile organic compounds (VOC), test chamber, air sampling 28 days after test chamber loading

Test result:

Sample: A001: WS 2K Duo

A002: WS 2K Härter

No.	Substance	CAS No.	Concentration (Test chamber air) [µg/m³]
	: Identified and calibrated substances in acc c calculated (c _{id sub})	ordance with LCI li	st/AgBB, substance
6	Glycols, Glycol ethers, Glycol esters		
6-3	Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	111-76-2	2
6-22	2-Butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	1
6-39	Dipropylene glycol-dimethyl ether	63019-84-1	7
7	Aldehydes		
7-7	Nonanal	124-19-6	1
7-8	Decanal	112-31-2	2
7-19	Benzaldehyde	100-52-7	1
9	Acids		
9-1	Acetic acid	64-19-7	3
12	Others		
12-11	Triethylamine	121-44-8	5
	: Further identified and calibrated substance specific calculated (c _{id sub})	s in addition with L	.CI list/AgBB, sub-
12	Others		
	Hexamethylcyclotrisiloxan	541-05-9	2
VOC _{28d}	: Not calibrated substances calculated as tol	luene equivalent (c	ni tol)
	not identified	-	5
	1		1

Total volatile organic compounds	Concentration (test chamber air) [µg/m³]	SER _a [µg/m²h]
TVOC _{28d}	29	36
Total volatile organic compounds	Concentration (test chamber air) [µg/m³]	SER _a [µg/m²h]
TVOC _{28d, substances} ≥ 5 μg/m³	17	21
Total volatile organic compounds	Concentration (test chamber air) [µg/m³]	SER _a [µg/m²h]
TVOC28d, substances ≥ 5 μg/m³ calculated as toluene equivalent	11	14



Further VOC sums	Concentration (test chamber air) [µg/m³]	SER _a [µg/m²h]
Sum VOC without LCI	7	9
Sum of bicyclic terpenes	n.d.	n.d.
Sum of sensitising materials with the following categorisations: DFG (MAK lists): Category IV German Federal Institute for Risk Assessment lists: Cat A TRGS 907	n.d.	n.d.
Sum of VOC with the following categorisations: Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008: Category Carc. 2, Muta. 2, Repr. 2 TRGS 905: K3, M3, R3 IARC: Group 2B DFG (MAK list): Category III3	n.d.	n.d.
C ₉ - C ₁₄ - Alkanes / Isoalkanes	n.d.	n.d.
Sum C ₄ -C ₁₁ Aldehydes, acyclic, aliphatic	3	4
Sum C ₉ -C ₁₅ Alkyl benzenes	n.d.	n.d.
Sum Cresols	n.d.	n.d.

Value (without dimension) _{28d}	0,14
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1.1.3 SVOC_{28d}

Test parameter:

Semivolatile organic compounds (SVOC), test chamber, air sampling 28 days after test chamber loading

Test result:

Sample: A001: WS 2K Duo

A002: WS 2K Härter

No.	Substance	CAS No.	Concentration (test chamber air) [µg/m³]		
	SVOC _{28d} : Identified and calibrated substances in accordance with LCI list/AgBB, substance specific calculated(c _{id sub})				
-	-	-	n.d.		
	SVOC _{28d} : Further identified and calibrated substances in addition to LCI list/AgBB, substance specific calculated(c _{id sub})				
-	-	-	n.d.		
SVOC _{28d} :	SVOC _{28d} : Not calibrated substances calculated as toluene equivalent (c _{ni tol})				
	not identified	-	3		

Total semivolatile organic compounds	Concentration (test chamber air) [µg/m³]	SER _a [µg/m²h]
TSVOC _{28d}	3	4
Total semivolatile organic compounds	Concentration (test chamber air) [µg/m³]	SER _a [µg/m²h]
TSVOC _{28d} , substances ≥ 5 µg/m³	n.d.	n.d.



1.1.4 VVOC_{28d}

Test Parameter:

Very volatile organic compounds (VVOC), test chamber, air sampling 28 days after test chamber loading

Test result:

Sample: A001: WS 2K Duo

A002: WS 2K Härter

No.	Substance	CAS-No.	Concentration (test chamber air) [µg/m³]		
_	VVOC _{28d} : Identified and calibrated substances in accordance with LCI list/AgBB, substance specific calculated(c _{id sub})				
10	Esters und Lactones				
10-2	Ethylacetate	141-78-6	5		
VVOC _{28d} : Further identified and calibrated substances in addition to LCI list/AgBB, substance specific calculated(c _{id sub})					
-	-	-	n.d.		
VVOC _{28d} : Not calibrated, identified substances calculated as toluene equivalent (c _{ni tol})					
-	-	-	n.d.		

Total very volatile organic compounds	Concentration (test chamber air) [µg/m³]	SER _a [µg/m²h]
TVVOC _{28d}	5	6



1.1.4.1 Formaldehyde28d and Acetaldehyde28d

Test parameter:

Formaldehyde and Acetaldehyde, test chamber, air sampling 28 days after test chamber loading

Test method:

Preparation of test sample and

Test chamber conditions:

see Volatile organic compounds

Analytics:

DIN ISO 16000-3

Limit of determination:

 $2 \mu g/m^3 \approx 0,002 ppm$

Test result:

Sample:

A001: WS 2K Duo A002: WS 2K Härter

Substance	Concentration (Test chamber air) [µg/m³]	Concentration (Test chamber air) [ppm]
Formaldehyde	< 2	< 0,002
Acetaldehyde	< 2	-

1.2 Ammonia

Test parameter:

Ammonia, Test chamber, air sampling 28 days after test chamber loading

Test method:

Analytics:

UV/VIS-spectrometric analysis, DIBt-Laboratory Manual

(State: 2015-01-30), point 11.3 Ammonia

Limit of determination:

30 µg/m³

Test result:

Sample	Measurement after [days]	Concentration (test chamber air) [µg/m³]
A001: WS 2K Duo A002: WS 2K Härter	28	n.n.



2 Odour

Test parameter:

Odour, test collective, odour test 28 days after test chamber loading

Test method:

Preparation of test sample: see 1.1. Volatile organic compounds
Test chamber conditions: see 1.1. Volatile organic compounds

Air sampling: 28 days after test chamber

loading

Analytics: following DIN EN ISO 16000-28

Probands: Quantity: 15

therefrom female: 6

Evaluation: Acceptance Scale from +1 (clearly

acceptable) to +0,1 (just acceptable)and from -0,1 (just unacceptable) to -1 (clearly unacceptable)

Test result:

Sample: A001: WS 2K Duo

A002: WS 2K Härter

	Acceptance
Arithmetical mean	0.8

	Acceptance
Arithmetical mean (back- ground)	0.9
Standard deviation	0.2
half width of the 90% confidence interval	0.1



Detailed evaluation results:

Test person	Evaluation (Acceptance)	
	Evaluation Sample	Evaluation Test Room
Test person 01	1	0,9
Test person 02	0,8	1
Test person 03	0,8	1
Test person 04	0,8	0,8
Test person 05	1	1
Test person 06	0,6	0,7
Test person 07	0,8	0,9
Test person 08	0,6	0,8
Test person 09	0,6	0,9
Test person 10	0,7	0,6
Test person 11	1	1
Test person 12	0,6	0,8
Test person 13	0,8	0,9
Test person 14	0,6	0,8
Test person 15	0,9	1

Cologne, 23.03.2015

Michael Stein, Dipl.-Chem.

(Deputy Technical Manager)



Expert evaluation (M1)

The product WS 2K Duo / WS 2K Härter has been tested on behalf of LOBA GmbH & Co. KG.

This evaluation bases on the test criteria of the Building Information Foundation RTS. The results of the emission analysis are stated as Specific Emission Rate (SER).

The test results documented in the test report were evaluated as follows.

Test parameter	Result	Requirement Emission class M1	Requirement hold [yes/no]
Emission analysis			
Measurement time: 28 days after test chamber loading			
TVOC (Sum volatile organic compounds) 1)	0.014 mg/m ² h	< 0.2 mg/m ² h	yes
Formaldehyde	< 0.002 mg/m ² h	< 0.05 mg/m ² h	yes
Ammonia	< 0.03 mg/m ² h	< 0.03 mg/m ² h	yes
Sum carcinogenic substances (EU cat. 1A and 1B)	< 0.001 mg/m ² h	< 0.005 mg/m²h	yes
Odour test			
Measurement time: 28 days after test chamber loading			
Odour	Acceptance 0.8	Acceptance > 0.0	yes

¹⁾ for TVOC only substances ≥ 5 µg/m³ are considered

Summary evaluation

The product WS 2K Duo / WS 2K Härter meets the requirements of the Emission Class M1.

Cologne, 23.03.2015

Tobias Rüsing, Dipl.-Geol.

(Project Manager)